

AGENDA

- Announcements
- Disaster Risk Assessment for Heirs' Property



Preparing and Submitting the SHIP Annual Report



July 12, 2022 at 2:00 pm

Register at https://attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/814242660507761935





Creating an Annual Schedule for AHAC Reports



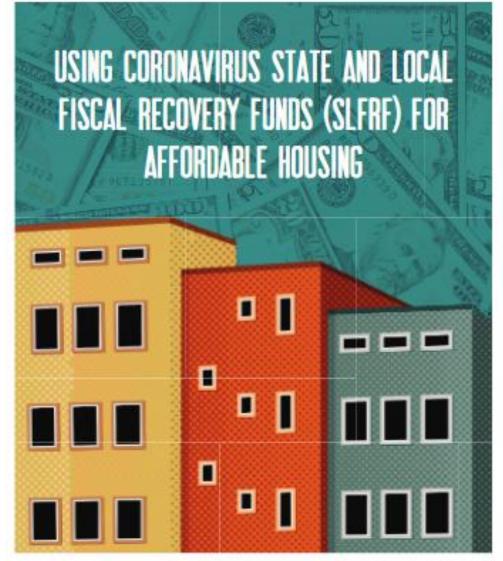
July 28, 2022 at 2:00 pm

Register at

https://attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/4244983921597809676







A New Publication

Download at

https://flhousing.org/wpcontent/uploads/2022/06/Local-Fiscal-Recovery-Funds-Publication.pdf

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PUBLICATIONS

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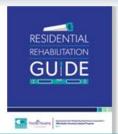




























Conference Registration Now Open https://fhc.wildapricot.org/event44693298

ANNUAL STATEWIDE HOME MATTERS CONFERENCE
AUGUST 29-31
IN-PERSON AT THE ROSEN CENTRE, ORLANDO FL
Resilience and Disaster Recovery Forum
August 29 from 10am- Noon



And Now... The Posting of the PowerPoint

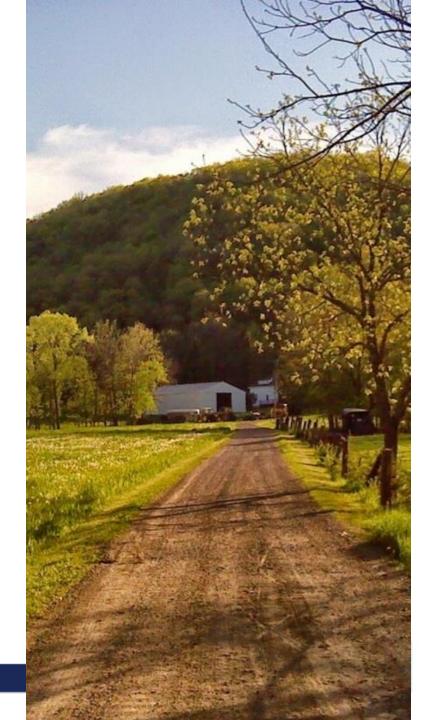
PowerPoint is available in Chat



Disaster Risk Assessment for Heirs' Property

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Overview

- What is heirs' property?
- Why does it matter for disaster?
- The Florida Housing Coalition's work to identify heirs' properties
- Preliminary response ideas



What is heirs' property?

- "Heirs' property" refers to property that is passed by inheritance from an owner to next of kin without clear ownership
- Heirs' property is most common when the original owner dies without proper estate planning
- Without proper estate planning, the property is then owned by all inheritors as "tenants in common", typically without clear documentation of who the owners are
- The land remains in the name of the person who died

What Actually Is Heirs' Property?

Healthy Title



Multiple Owners



Unknown Owners



Identified Heirs

Who Has Title Issues Caused by Heirs' Property?

- Heirs' property can affect any family
- Heirs' property primarily affects low-income property owners, where the cost of going through probate is more expensive than an inheritors share of the property
- Heirs' property is particularly concentrated in populations that have poor legal access/trust of the justice system as an institution, particularly Appalachians, Native Americans, Latinos along the Texas/Mexican border, and African Americans in the South
- Most likely affects hundreds of thousands of properties, with entire neighborhoods affected

What Is Bad about Heirs' Property?

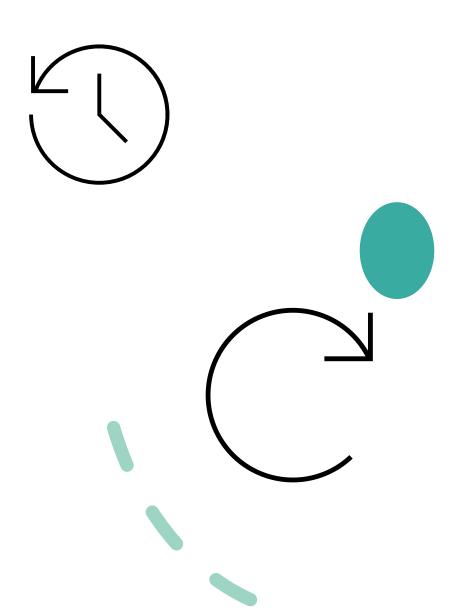
- Without clear title, it is difficult to prove ownership of the property
- The title cannot be used as collateral for a mortgage, farm loan, or other type of loan
- Difficult to get permits or show ownership for repairs, new construction, or sales
- It is difficult/impossible for heirs' owners to receive aid from government programs (though FEMA has made steps to change)
- Difficult to make changes to the property or sell things grown on the land (for farm property heirs' owners)





What Does This Mean for Disaster?

- Before a disaster
 - The property is less likely to be well maintained
 - Unclear ownership makes it difficult to reach out and work with residents
- After a disaster
 - Less likely that a resident will return to the home
 - Less likely that the resident will be able to receive disaster assistance
 - More likely home will be rendered uninhabitable and be abandoned





Heirs Property in the Spotlight

- New FHC Initiative CRE with Fannie Mae
 - Applied methodology to Alachua, Duval, and Gulf Counties
 - Develop tools, data and maps to support identification of clusters of properties
 - Policy recommendations for local governments for identifying incidence and providing assistance





Methodology

- Literature review to identify key markers of heirs' property
- Visually check with pre-identified heirs' properties to make sure the markers from the literature review are correct
- Weight each factor based on correlation with pre-identified heirs' properties
- Map final scores to identify individual properties and neighborhoods that stand out





Data Sources

- Florida Department of Revenue, Via the Shimberg Center for Housing Studies
 - Name, Address, Legal Parcel Files
 - Sales Data Files
- VMAP
 - Social Vulnerability Index (SoVI)
- All variables reviewed via "percent of total" histograms





Identifying
Heirs Property
in The
Property
Records

Heirs

- "Heirs"
- · "Heirs of"
- · "Estate"

Multiple Owners

"Et al"

Institutional or Businesses

- "State"
- "LLC"
- Etc.

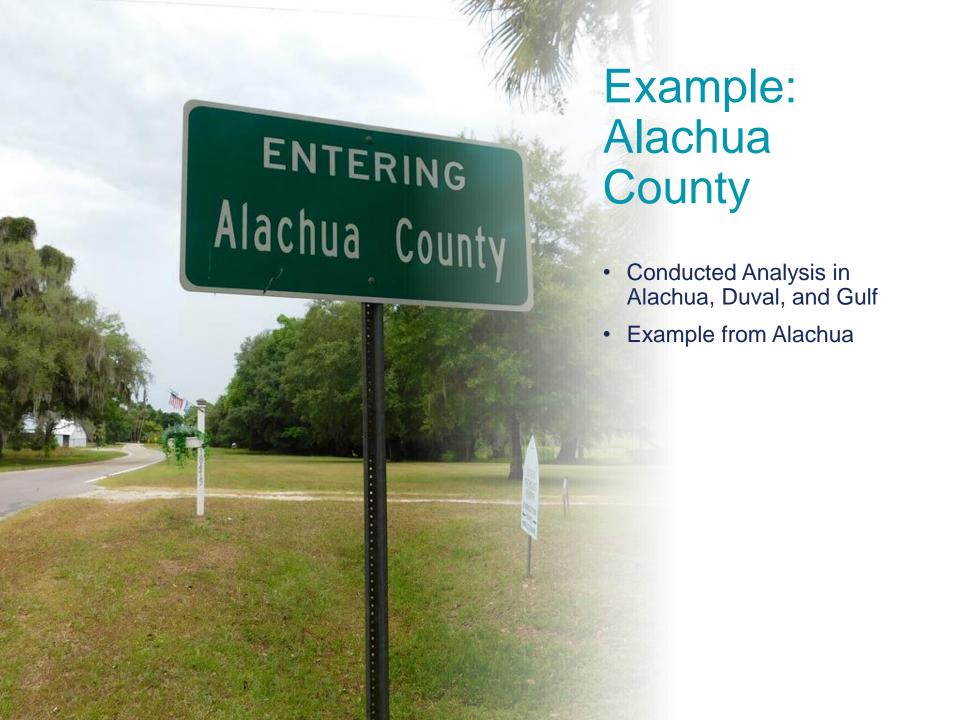
Variable	Reasoning
Land Use Type (Agricultural or Residential)	Almost all identified heirs' properties were agricultural or residential, a finding consistent with previous research
Effective Year Built	Older homes were dramatically more likely to be heirs
Low Just value	Low value properties are more likely to be owned by heirs because people are less likely to leave proper estate planning for them and heirs' are less likely to go through probate
No or Partial Homestead	Under Florida Law, heirs' living on the property can only claim the portion of the home they own as homestead
No Recent Sales	The longer it has been since something sold, the more likely it is to be heirs

And the Most Important Characteristic: Heirs by Tract

Identified heirs' properties were extremely auto-correlated



We rated the number of identified heirs' properties per tract as the most important single risk factor where that data was available (Duval and Alachua)



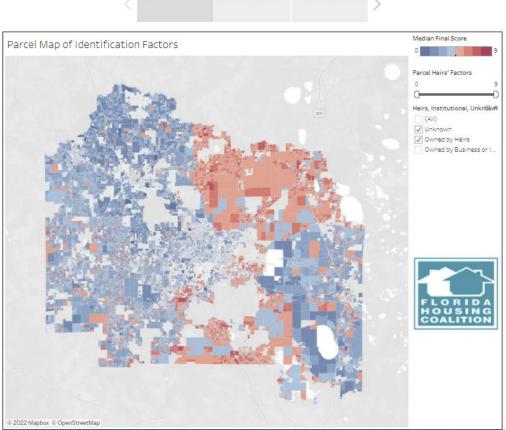
Social Vulnerability Index

ALACHUA COUNTY				
Variables	Variance Explained	Used?		
Dependence and Age	23.80%	Yes		
Lack of Wealth	23.60%	Yes		
Race and Household Type	8.80%	Yes		
Household Size and Depdendence	6.50%	No		
Gendered Employment and Gender	6.00%	No		
Race and Access Barriers	5.30%	No		

Alachua County	Dominant Variables	
	Low % beneficiaries (QSSBEN)	
	Low Median Age (MEDAGE)	
Dependence and Age	Low % Age Dependent Populations (QAGEDEP)	
	Renters (QRENTER)	
	High Housing Cost Burden (QHSEBURDEN)	
	Low Per Capita Income (PERCAP)	
	Low housing values (MDHSEVAL)	
	Low rent (MDGRENT)	
Lack of Wealth	Low % Wealthy (QRICH200K)	
	Populations without Health Insurance (QUNINSURED)	
	Unemployment (QCVLUN)	
	Educational Attainment (QED12LES)	
	Race (Black) (QBLACK)	
Race and Household Type	Female Headed Households (QFHH)	
	Low % Children in 2 parent families (QFAM)	
	Low Occupancy Housing (PPUNIT)	
Household Size and Dependence	Nursing Home Residents (QNRRES)	
	Renters (QRENTER)	
Gendered Employment and Gender	Gendered (Female) Employment (QFEMLBR)	
	Gender (Female) (QFEMALE)	
	Low Occupancy Housing (PPUNIT)	
	Race (Native American) (QNATAM)	
Race and Access Barrier	English Language Proficiency (QESL)	
	Nursing Home Residents (QNRRES)	

Alachua County Map and

Alachua: Factor Identification of Heirs' Properties and Properties at Risk of Falling into Title Issues



Breakdown by Total

Breakdown by Percent

https://public.tableau.com/views/AlachuaHeirsPropertyIdentificationwithAreaCharacteristics/AlachuaFactorIdentificationofHeirsPropertiesandPropertiesatRiskofFallingintoTitleIss

ues?:language, en-US&:display_count=n&:origin=viz_share_link_



Alachua Factors and Values

Parcel Level Variables:

- 1. Land Use Type:
 - a. Agricultural or Residential=1 (94,819 out of 104,929)
 - b. All others = 0
- 2. Effective year:
 - a. 1959 or Before=1 (1,301)
 - b. 1960 or after 0
- 3. Just Value Residential (excluding no residential value)
 - a. <\$50,000 =1
 - b. >\$50,000 =0
- 4. Homestead
 - a. Homestead =0
 - b. Not Homestead =.5
 - c. Partial Homestead =1
- No Recent Sales
 - a. Null =1
 - b. Recent Sale=0

Census Tract Variables

- 1. Confirmed Heirs per Tract
 - a. Above 3% = 2
 - b. Above 2% = 1
 - c. Above 1% =.5
 - d. Below 1% =0
- 2. Dependence and Age
 - a. Below 0 = 1
 - b. Above 0=0
- 3. Lack of Wealth
 - a. Above 0=1
 - b. Below 0 = 0
- 4. Race and Household Type
 - a. Above 2 =1
 - b. Below 2 = 0





Truthing Alachua

Random Test, Properties Scoring 7 or Above					
	#	%			
Heirs' Property		6	20.7%		
Not Heirs'		7	24.1%		
Older Adults		11	37.9%		
Unclear		6	20.7%		
Total		29			





Takeaways

- Multiple SoVI factors correlated with heirs' property
- Heirs' properties were concentrated on the east side, but the risk scores also picked up many other heirs' properties across the county.
- .57% in the total population 12.12% at a risk score of 8, 7.94% at 7.5, and 6.4% at 7
- 20% of the tested high scoring unknowns were heirs' property, far higher than the already high number of identified heirs' properties at these scores





Social Vulnerability and Resiliency

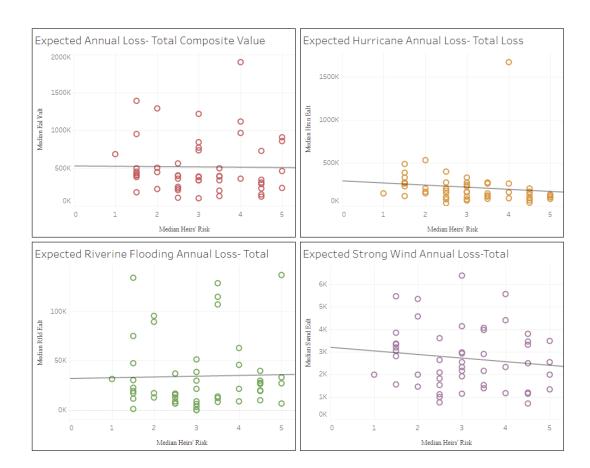
- Social vulnerability refers to factors that make a community poorer at responding to a disaster
- These factors, like poverty, lack of vehicle access, a high number of elderly or special needs people, or, a high number of heirs' properties, make a community less resilient in the case of a disaster
- That is, heirs' property does not make a community more likely to be hit by a hurricane, but it does make a community more vulnerable to that hurricane





Mapping Hazard Risk and Heirs' Risk Score in Alachua

- Hazard risk and the heirs' risk scores we calculated are not meaningfully related
- That is: heirs'
 households hit by a
 disaster will
 probably be worse
 affected, they are
 not more likely to
 be hit



How Can Other Communities Recreate This?

- Property appraiser data is already available
- Purchase VMAP, or use indicators identified here from data.census.gov
- Recognize that not all high-risk score properties have title issues, but that this is a good place to start



Solutions Going Forward

Florida Housing Coalition

- Providing guidance and models for title clearing programs
- Creating new policies to allow SHIP and other funding sources to be used for low-income estate planning & title clearing
- Explore changes to state law that could improve process

Local Governments and Nonprofits

- Work with older, low-income homeowners on proper estate planning before property becomes heirs' property
- Work with property appraisers to identify heirs' owners and notify them of opportunities to remediate
- · Local funding for clearing title
- Tap into legal resources for estate planning & clearing title

National Organizations

- Have attestations at loan signing (when a house is purchased) that provides information on risks of heirs' property
- Look at ways national funding sources (FEMA, HOME, CDBG, etc.) could change to improve distribution to households with title issues

Next Week's Training

FDEM Showcases Post-Disaster Temporary Housing

July 15 at 1:30 pm

Register at

https://us02web.zoom.us/webinar/register/WN_28xAkLXASICvqP7v3oVJzQ







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Thank You!



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