





Catalyst Training Schedule



The Coalition is Florida's affordable housing training and technical assistance provider.

www.flhousing.org



PUBLICATIONS

Access these valuable resources and more under the Publications tab at

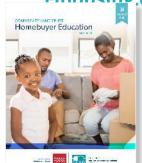
Flhousing org









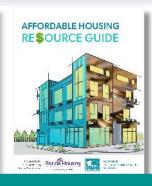






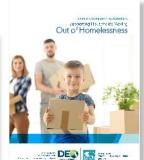


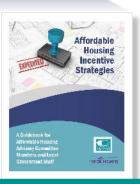






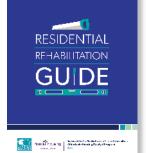


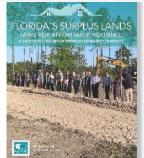


















Webinar Logistics

- Participants are muted
- Enter your questions in the box in your webinar panel
- If non typing capability, click raise your hand button
- Handouts are available for your review.
- This webinar is being recorded and will be available at <u>www.flhousing.org</u>
- Use headphones for best audio
- A survey will immediately follow the webinar; *please* complete it! Thanks!





Overview

- Rehabilitation Process
- Program Design
- Policies and Procedures
- Staffing and Partners
- Owner/Contractor Conflict
- Rehabilitation Project
- Scope of Work



The Rehabilitation Process

75% of SHIP distribution must be used for construction, rehabilitation or emergency repairs

NOTE: The expenditure of program income is exempt from this requirement.



Construction, rehabilitation, or emergency repairs completed 12 months before or after the closing date regardless of who paid for the repairs;



Construction soft costs such as engineering studies and appraisals, if directly related to housing construction, rehabilitation or emergency repairs;

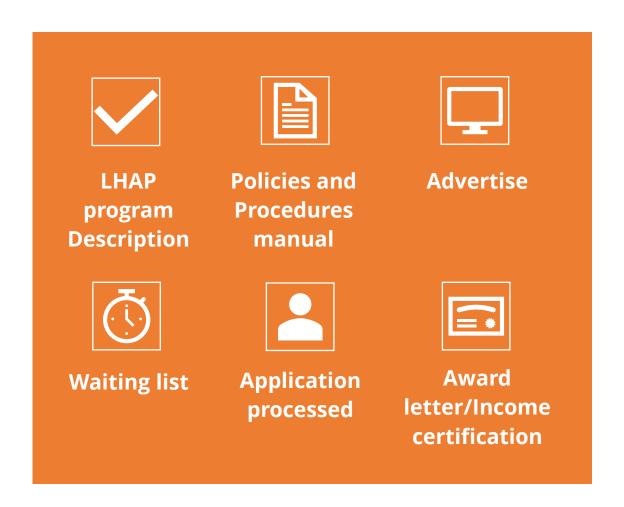


Relocation costs associated with rehabilitation of the residence;



Steps in the Process

- Initial Inspection
- Due diligence
- Prepare work write up & cost estimate
- Bid process
- Contractor approval and selection
- Sign contracts





Rehabilitation Process

- Permits issued
- Start Repair Work
- Partial payments
- Inspections
- Final Payment
- Releases and warranties
- Certificate of Completion
- Project evaluation
- Reports and Audits
- Monitoring



Eligibility

Applicant

- Application
- Household Size
- Income
- Assets
- IncomeCertification
- Award letter

Property

- Location
- Type
- Ownership
- Owner occupied
- Condition
- Open permits
- Illegal structures
- Insurance

Program Design Considerations

- Housing Stock
- Housing Needs
- Housing Cost
- Funding
- Staff



Understand your Community's Needs

Know the condition of the housing stock

- Owner occupied
- Renter occupied
- Availability of standard units

Review Consolidated Plans

- Conduct windshield surveys
- Listen to program participants, partners, residents, leaders about needs, concerns and objectives.

Create clear objectives and goals

• Only carry out rehabilitation that meets your objectives and program goals

THE FLORIDA HOUSING COALITION

Type of Repairs

- Code violations
- Energy Efficiency Improvements
- Incipient violations
- Accessibility Improvements
- Universal design
- Mitigation improvements
- Cosmetic improvements



Feasibility testing

- Maximum award
- Use other funding sources
- Leveraging
- Owner Contribution



What units will you repair?

- Single family
- Townhomes
- Condos
- Mobile homes
- Rental units



Household income

• 30%, 50%, 80%, 120% or 140% of median

Special populations

- Elderly
- Special needs
- Persons with disabilities
- Workforce housing



Terms of Assistance

Loan Terms

- Grants
- Loans
- Deferred loans
- Combination
- Shared Equity

- Forgivable?
- Deferred over what length of time?
- Assumable?
- Owner's ability to refinance?
- What is a default?

Rules for Federal and State

When leveraging different funding, the strictest rules apply

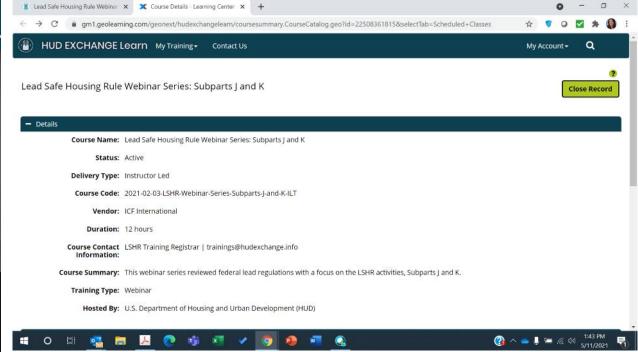
for flood insurance

Environmental review is required for federal funding

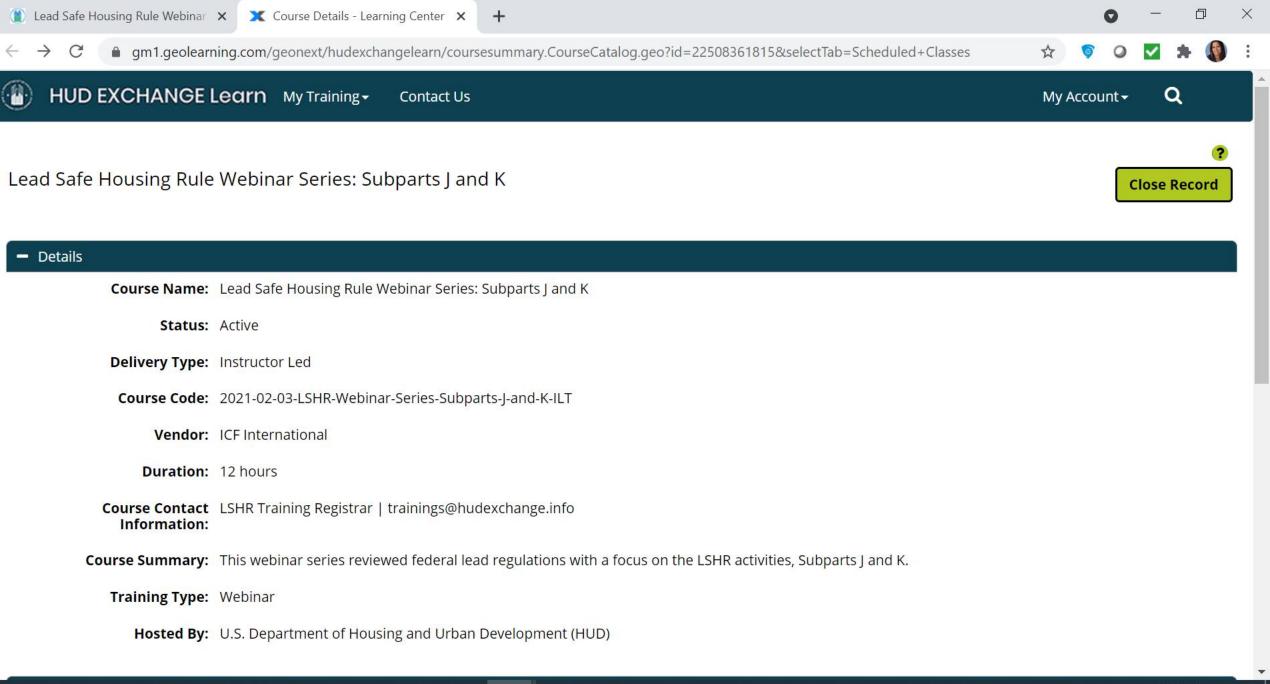


www.hudexchange.info













































Environmental Review Checklist

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

451 Seventh Street, SW Washington, DC 20410 www.hud.gov

espanol.hud.gov

Broad-Level Tiered Environmental Review for Activity/Project that is Categorically Excluded Subject to Section 58.5 Pursuant to 24 CFR Part 58.35(a)

This is a suggested format that may be used by Responsible Entities to document completion of a tiered Categorically Excluded Subject to Section 58.5 environmental review.

Project Information

Project Name:

Responsible Entity (RE):

State/Local Identifier:







OFFISION

PROCEDURE

POLICIES

PROCESS

PROCESS

DOCUMENT

OPERATION THE FLORIDA HOUSING COALITION



Written Documents

- LHAP
- Policies/Procedures
- Standards/Specifications
- Agreements/Contracts



- Provides guiding principles to the staff so it can make programmatic decisions on a day-to-day basis
- Describes the workflow so staff knows what steps to carry out and in what order
- Procedures save the organization time and support efficient performance



Policies and Procedures Manual adds more program detail than the LHAP:

- Intake Process
- Inspection Process
- Dispute resolution
- Contractor selection/removal
- Bid process
- Change orders



- Hazard and flood insurance requirements
- Conflict of interest
- Record Retention requirements
- Monitoring and reporting
- Warranties/Guarantees
- Relocation
- Subordination policy

Needs to be updated regularly





Program Staffing

Receptionist

- Should know details of the program
- Screens potential applicants
- Keeps waiting list

Intake counselor/loan specialist

- Income eligibility
- Good communication and writing skills
- Maintains files



Program Staffing

Inspector

- Knowledgeable in construction and cost estimating
- Works well with public
- Good communication skills

SHIP Administrator

- Knows program rules
- Oversees staff
- Tracks expenditures, reporting and program compliance



Sponsor or Subrecipient

67-37.002 (28) "Sub Recipient" means a person or non-state organization contracted by a SHIP eligible local government and compensated with SHIP funds to provide <u>administration</u> of any portion of the SHIP program.

420.9071 (11) "Eligible sponsor" means a person or a private or public for-profit or not-for-profit entity that applies for an award under the local housing assistance plan for the purpose of providing eligible housing for eligible persons.



City of Pompano Beach Presenters:



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Housing Specialist
Office of Housing &
Urban Improvement



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Senior Accountant



Owner/Contractor Conflict

What causes conflict?



Lack of Clear Communication



This can be between the Homeowner, Contractor and/or SHIP program staff



Solution: Communication early on and throughout the process



Homeowner Fears

Loss of Control

- It's their home
- Their biggest investment

Crooks

- Fear of local government
- Fear of unscrupulous contractors they don't know

Money

- Is it reasonable
- I'm going to get stuck paying for this
- Hidden Cost

Disappointment

- They won't do good work
- I won't get what I expect or was promised

Disruption

- It will take forever
- It will be one big mess



Contractors and Local Government

Become desensitized, lack of empathy

- You do this over and over, the homeowner may do this once in their lifetime
- It's just another house for you, but it's their house
- You've heard it before, but not from them

Exhibit empathy for the homeowner

- Their home is their biggest investment
- You are limiting their ability to make decisions
- They don't do this everyday



Build on Elements of Trust











Types of Communication

Verbal

- Meeting with staff on a regular basis
- Meeting with contractors
- Meeting with homeowners

Written

- Outline of program, process and application
- Policies and Procedures
- Contracts and Agreements

You must have both



Clear Communication

Among staff

- Understand the program
- Duties and responsibilities
- Roles
- Chain of Command

Among contractors

- What is the process
- What the program limits are
- What the repercussions are for non-compliance

Among homeowners

- How the program works
- What the program limits are
- What they can expect
- What the program does not do or allow



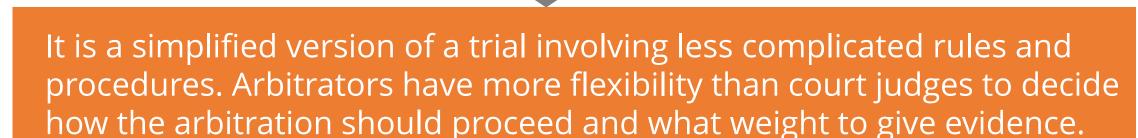
Communication at each step

- 1. The application process
- 2. The pre-bid
- 3. The contract signing
- 4. During construction
- 5. Work Completion
- 6. Warranty period



What is Arbitration?

Arbitration is a procedure whereby an unbiased, neutral, third-party acts as judge and jury to resolve their dispute for in private — outside of the public judicial system.



What is Mediation?

Mediation is an informal process where an impartial third-party, the mediator, helps the disputing parties find a mutually satisfactory solution to their issue.

Mediators cannot impose a resolution upon the parties since they are not able to make legally binding decisions. Any settlement reached is an agreement by the parties.

If the parties reach a settlement in mediation, they enter into a mediation settlement agreement that is enforceable as a contract.

Best Practices

- Keep documentation of all meetings, conversations, pictures/paper trail
 - Communicate regularly and clearly
- Explain who is responsible for what
 - Homeowner and contractor
 - Most complaints are about the process, not the product



Homeowner Satisfaction

- Maintain open communication throughout
 - Rehab Inspector must be a mediator
 - Have a process in place for handling complaints
 - Open door policy
- Provide Clarity of Roles and Responsibilities
- Well written documents and agreements
- Work with contractors that comply
- Use evaluations
- Consider buying a homeowner's warranty
- Take the Front-Page Test...





Rehabilitation Project



Beginning a Rehabilitation Project

Interview homeowner

- Review program rules
- Set expectations
- Needs vs. wants
- Discuss process
- Loan terms
- Payment process
- Dispute resolution
- Warranty





Housing Rehabilitation Standards

- Minimal acceptable final product
- Sets the *parameters* for:
 - Eligible repairs and improvements
 - Housing quality and livability
 - Affordability
 - Neighborhood improvement
 - Asset building



Housing Rehabilitation Standards



Draws requirements from local laws and building codes

Example: Kitchen Plumbing
Every dwelling unit will have at least a single bowl kitchen
sink with hot and cold water located in the kitchen



The higher the standard, the higher the cost!

Uniform Physical Conditions Standards

Uniform Physical Condition Standards for Single Family Housing Rehabilitation – Requirements for Site

Inspectable Item	Observable Deficiency
Fencing and Gates	Damaged/Falling/Leaning
	Holes
	Missing Sections
Grounds	Erosion/Rutting Areas
	Overgrown/Penetrating Vegetation
	Ponding/Site Drainage (affecting unit)
Health & Safety	Air Quality - Sewer Odor Detected
	Air Quality - Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas Detected
	Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires/Open Panels
	Electrical Hazards - Water Leaks on/near Electrical Equipment
	Flammable Materials - Improperly Stored
	Garbage and Debris - Outdoors
	Play Equipment – Broken or Damaged
	Hazards – Other (e.g., outbuildings)
	Hazards - Sharp Edges



Rehabilitation Specifications

- Basis of rehab design
 - Contractor's instructions for completing a project
 - Rehab specialist's guide to measuring project completeness, adequacy, cost
- Must be precise and specific
- Must be in written form



Specification Software

These programs provide:

- Consistency in specifications and work detail
- A checklist, change order forms, and cost estimates
- Work descriptions by trade or by room
- Options for modification
- Automatic cost calculations
- A free demonstration program for 30 days (usually) before you purchase the product



Spec Writing Software

There are several software programs available on the market that can be used to develop specifications and work write ups. Prices range from \$750 to \$2,500:

- Housing Rehab Pro <u>www.housingrehabpro.com</u>
- Housing Developer Pro <u>www.communitydevelopmentsoftware.com</u>
- RESPEC
 http://respecsoftware.com/about/

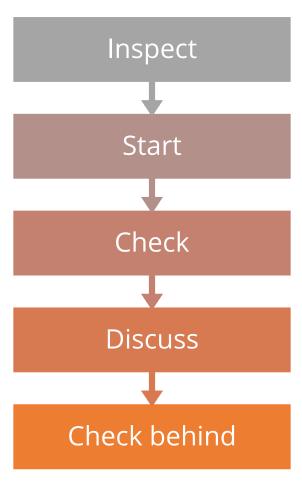


Property Inspections

- Pre-inspection Feasibility testing
 - Due diligence by Inspector
 - Give inspectors the tools they need
- Initial Inspection Work write-ups (scope of work)
 - Identify defects and their causes
 - Discuss owner concerns
 - Use a checklist, Take photos, videos, Keep notes
- Pre-Bid Meeting
- Interim Inspections
- Final Inspection punch list
- Project sign-off



Initial Inspection



Systematically inspect the property using a checklist and take notes

Start with exterior, then move to interior

Check structural, floors, walls, windows and doors, ceilings, attic, mechanical, electrical, plumbing

Discuss deficiencies with homeowner

Check behind, under and around for potential change orders



Prioritizing Repairs

Emphasize repairs that increase the useful life, safety, and energy efficiency of a building, including, but not limited to:

- repairing structural defects
- upgrades to fire egress and fire ratings of finishes
- addressing health hazards (lead, asbestos)
- repairing the building envelope (roof repair/replacement)
- adding insulation, reducing air infiltration
- upgrades to electrical systems
- replacing worn-out plumbing and mechanical components
- replacing inefficient equipment (old refrigerators, window ac units)
- Hazard mitigation



Green Features



The Scope of Work



Scope of Work

Develop work specifications from field notes:

- Provide clear instructions on work to be performed, how it should be performed and what materials should be used
- Apply codes and standards
- A good work write-up should reduce change orders since work is clearly specified



Recent changes in Rehab

- Material delays (window deliveries 3-4 months out)
- Obtaining and retaining quality contractors
- Retaining staff in rehabilitation programs
- Surveyors not available

Work Write Up

Good specifications always contain:

- Scope of work
- Quantity
- Location
- Special conditions
- Installation method
- Quality





Work Write-Up

Eliminate contractor/homeowner discretion:

- Use shall/will not may/should
- Use action verbs (hang, sand, apply)
- Specify brand and model or equal
- Reference specific code standards
- Have a room-naming system and apply it consistently



- Have an in-house estimate of the cost of the job helps to ensure that bids are reasonable
- Can be used to reject bids that are too high or too low
 - Best practice is 10% of inspectors estimate
 - Bids over- or under- are rejected
 - Should be a written policy





- Staff can budget projects more efficiently
- Requires someone that is experienced in construction to provide a good estimate based on current market conditions.
- Can use software for cost estimating





Pre-Bid Meeting Contractor Walk-Through

A meeting at the home with homeowner, contractors and staff Benefits

- Contractors can review the work and ask questions at the job site
- Allows for corrections to the work write up based on experience of contractors
- Provides homeowner an additional opportunity to point out problems in the home
- Reduces change orders by allowing additional work to be added to work write up if necessary

Pre-Bid Meetings

- Schedule several weeks before the bid opening
- Obtain attendance confirmation from contractors
- Remind owner of the date and time
- Ask contractors to point out potential problems
- Schedule several pre-bid meetings on the same day, by geographic location

Best Practice is mandatory participation for bid submittal



SHIP Program Procurement

- Does not specify procurement procedures like federal programs
- You can follow your local procurement procedures
- You can define procedures specifically for your program
- There is no right or wrong process
- Most local governments rely on best practices
- It is up to the local government



Three approaches

"Traditional Approach"

Local formal procurement process

"Alternative Approach"

Homeowner Solicits Bids & Selects Contractor

"Common Approach"

Housing staff obtain bids on behalf of homeowner

Common Approach is a Best Practice



Bid Opening

- Open to the public
- At least two staff persons present
- Reject late bids
- List bid results in client's file
- E-mail bid results to bidders
- Don't forget affordable housing Incentives such as expedited permitting



Contract Signing

- Owner, Contractor and City/County staff present
- Execute an agreement between the Owner and Contractor outlining the work, terms, duties, conditions, payments, warranties, etc.
- Execute an agreement between the City/county and Owner outlining duties, responsibilities, program terms and conditions
- The City/County is not the Contractor



Contract Signing

- Review the work write-up in detail
- Discuss rehab process in detail
- Discuss roles for different parties
- Select colors and materials
- Don't forget the 3 day right of rescission!



Please complete the evaluation!



Questions?
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Contact Tamara at: west@flhousing.org 850-518-2235

Technical Assistance Hotline: 1-800-677-4548



