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THE FLORIDA HOUSING COALITION



Our Thanks to the Florida Housing Catalyst Program



AFFORDABLE HOUSING CATALYST PROGRAM

Sponsored by the Florida Housing Finance Corporation



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Disaster Webinars Replace Workshop

Pre- and Post-Disaster Recovery with SHIP

April 15: Today is Part 1!

April 20 at 2 pm

https://attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/5970069268672976907

April 22 at 2 pm

https://attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/3222575528325867787



Webinars Replace 'Prep for the Monitor' Workshop

Preparing for the SHIP Monitor

May 21 at 2 pm

https://attendee.gotowebinar.com/register/2930146117267720203

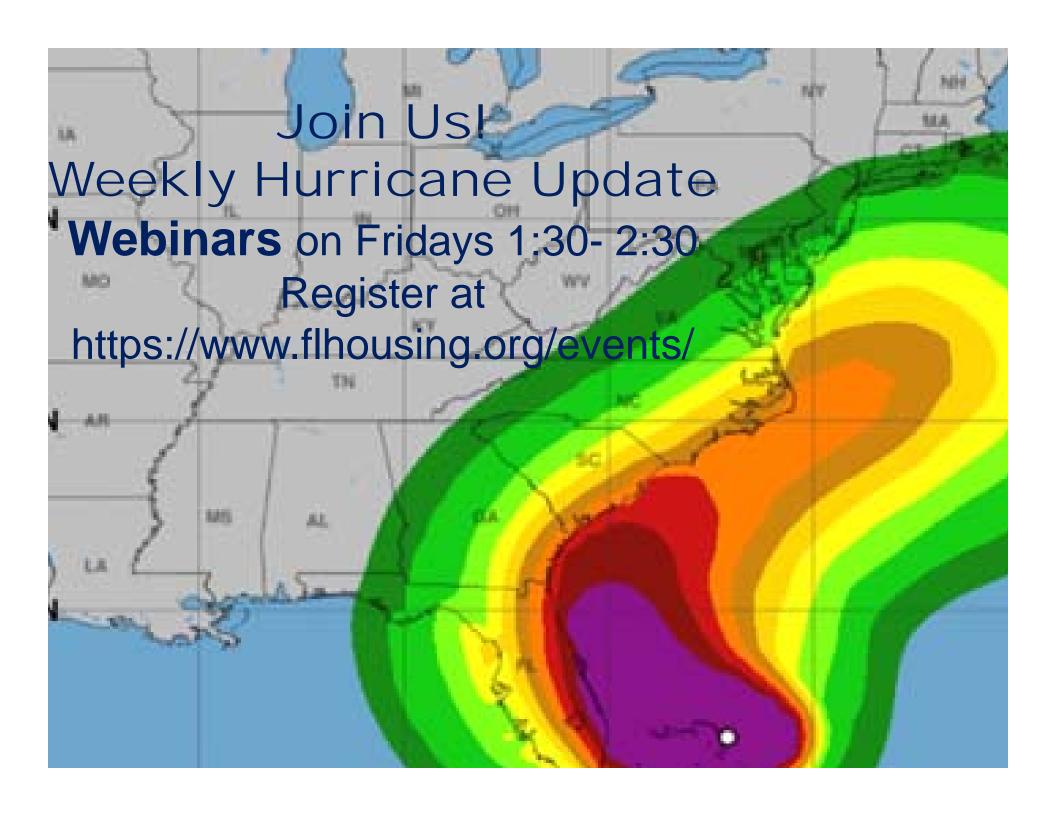
May 26 at 2 pm

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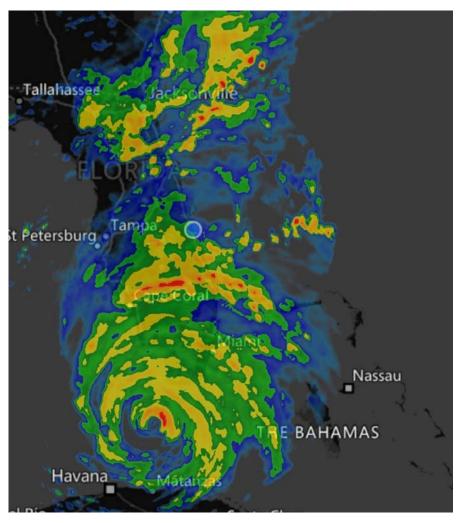
May 27 at 2 pm

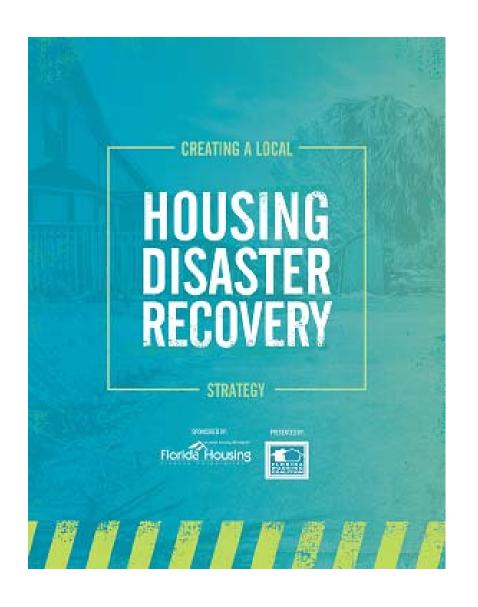
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Overview of Today's Webinar





"Creating a Local Disaster Housing Strategy"

Download at

https://www.flhousing.org/wpcontent/uploads/2020/01/Crea ting-a-Local-Disaster-Housing-Strategy-2019-12-WEB.pdf



The Disaster Management Cycle

Preparedness

Mitigation

Response

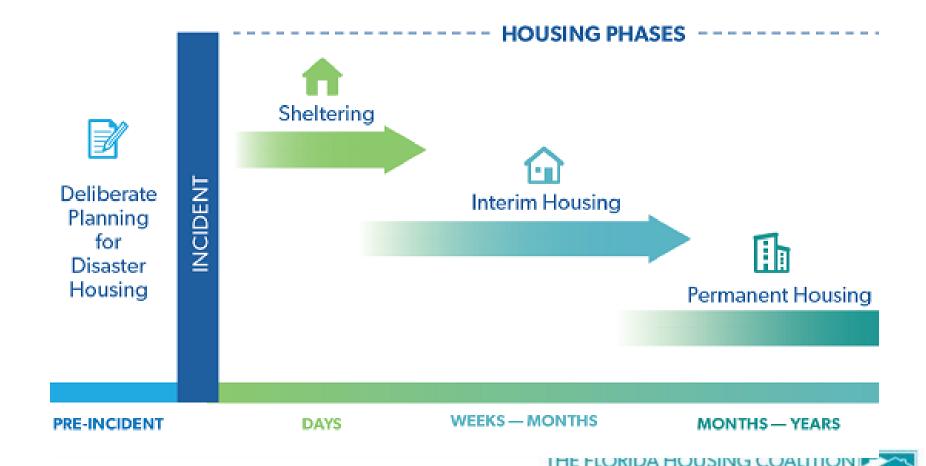
Recovery



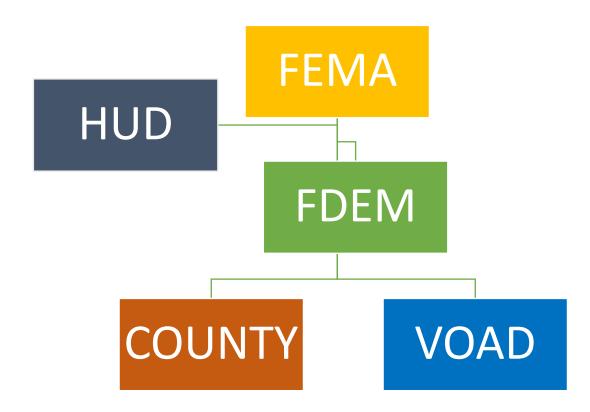
Four Phases of Disaster Management

- Planning: pre-disaster recovery planning
- Mitigation: reduce future vulnerability, lessen the impact of disasters
- Response: actions that must be carried out when an emergency exists or is imminent
- Recovery: bring a community back to a new normal after disaster

Housing Phases in the Disaster Management Framework



Disaster Management Framework



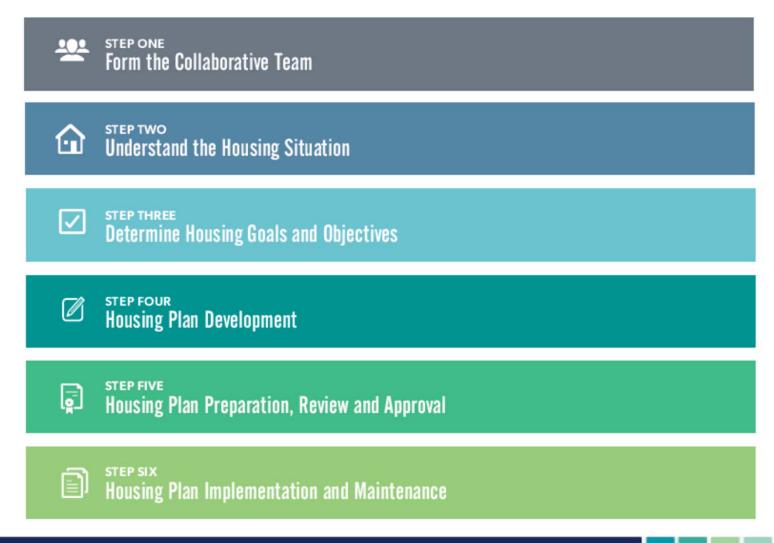


Disaster Preparedness





THE SIX STEPS TO PREPARING YOUR LOCAL DISASTER HOUSING RECOVERY STRATEGY





Creating a Local Disaster Housing Strategy

- Framework: National Disaster Recovery Framework (NRDF) FEMA's 2018-2022 Strategic Plan
- Federal- State- Local Role
- HOUSING IS LOCAL!
- EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT IS LOCAL!
- https://www.floridadisaster.org/counties/



FEMA SEVEN COMMUNITY LIFELINES IN THE NATIONAL RESPONSE FRAMEWORK



Emergency Support Functions

- ESF #6: Mass Care, Emergency Assistance, Temporary Housing, and Human Services
- ESF #8: Public Health and Medical Services
- ESF #14: Long Term Community Recovery





EMERGENCY SUPPORT FUNCTION #6- MASS CARE, EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE, HOUSING AND HUMAN SERVICES

- Repairs
- Rental Assistance
- Non-Congregate Shelter
- Transportation
- Volunteer Agency Coordination
- Individual Assistance (IA)
- Disaster Case Management



Crosswalk of HCD and EOC Structure, Collaborating Agencies and Housing Activities TOPIC HCD EOC Local: Local: County and Municipal Government County Emergency Operations and Hazard Management Community Redevelopment Areas Other Public safety departments **Public Housing Authority** Housing Finance Agency Homeless Continuum of Care Social Service Agencies Governmental State: State: **Jurisdiction** FHFC Finance Corporation Florida Division of Emergency Management Florida DEO Florida DCF Federal: Federal: U.S. HUD FFMA U.S. Dept. of Agriculture SBA

Crosswalk of HCD and EOC Structure, Collaborating Agencies and Housing Activities **TOPIC HCD EOC** Local: State: Comprehensive Plan Governors Declaration of Emergency Zoning and Land Use Florida Comprehensive Emergency Regulations and **Building Code** Management Plan **Authorities** Health Codes Laws, regulations and executive State: orders that Governors Declaration of Emergency impact housing State Housing Initiatives Partnership assistance. *Note: Public meetings must abide Federal: Federal: by Florida's Sunshine Housing and Community Development Act Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Law. Meetings should **Emergency Assistance Act** Fair Housing Act also be accessible. Post Katrina Emergency Management USDA Reform Act

Crosswalk of HCD and EOC Structure, Collaborating Agencies and Housing Activities TOPIC **HCD EOC** Local: Local: Long Term Recovery Groups Emergency Operations Plan task force Citizen and Housing Assistance Committee (AHAC) Mitigation Task Force Stakeholder Homeless Continuum of Care Engagement State: Disaster Housing Task Force (DEM) Rental assistance Mass care shelter Rapid rehousing Disaster housing mission is to provide Single family home repair temporary housing assistance for Disaster Related disaster survivors Single family home construction **Housing Activities** Multifamily repair Establish sites for temporary housing Multifamily construction Housing Counseling

FORM TEAM

Name, role, contact info, meeting schedule

- EOC- Mitigation, planning, response, recovery phases
- LTRO- Case management and assistance
- CoC AND MEMBERS
- HOUSING PROVIDERS
- HOUSING COUNSELORS
- REALTORS
- APARTMENT ASSOCIATION
- UNDERSTAND SPECIAL NEEDS EVACUATION PLANS







PARTNER GRID

DISASTER SERVICES AGENCIES



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Voluntary Organizations Active in Disasters (VOAD); partnership of faith-based and non-profit organizations













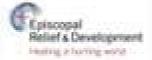














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SHIP Administrator Disaster Preparedness Checklist Handout

- LHAP- Check Strategies
- MITIGATION- Ongoing
- PARTNER GRID
- CHECK ZONING & SITES FOR TEMPORARY HOUSING
- PLAN DAMAGE ASSESSMENT
- PREPARE MARKETING
- UNDERSTAND NFIP PROHIBITIONS
- UNDERSTAND FEDERAL PROCUREMENT
- UNDERSTAND SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE AND FLOODPLAIN REGULATIONS
- BE AWARE OF WIND AND FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAMS AND NFIP LINES



SHIP ADMINISTRATOR CHECKLIST

LOCAL HOUSING ASSISTANCE PLAN:

Check Strategies

- Disaster Strategy
- Rapid Rehousing
- Rental Assistance
- Rental Rehabilitation
- Homeowner Rehabilitation





CHECK ZONING AND BUILDING CODES-

- Emergency repairs
- Temporary housing
- Debris rules
- Temporary sites for Mobile Home and RV's







LOCATE SITES FOR RVS and MOBILE HOMES

- STAGING AREAS
- TEMPORARY HOUSING
- CHECK FEMA RV POLICY











CONSIDER:

- NON-CONGREGATE SHELTERING NEEDS
- CONTACT MOTELS, MULTIFAMILY PROPERTIES- EXCHANGE INFORMATION
- WHO WILL DO INITIAL DAMAGE ASSESSMENT?
- PREPARE MARKETING AND OUTREACH TO COMMUNICATE WITH SURVIVORS
- IDENTIFY TEMPORARY HOUSING



CONSIDER:

- UNDERSTAND POST DISASTER DEMOLITION PROHIBITIONS- Can negate FEMA funding if done prior to FEMA assessment
- UNDERSTAND FEDERAL PROCUREMENT FOR FEMA AND CDBG-DR
- UNDERSTAND SUBSTANTIAL DAMAGE AND FLOODPLAIN REGULATIONS





CONSIDER:

BE AWARE OF WIND AND FLOOD INSURANCE PROGRAMS AND NFIP LINES

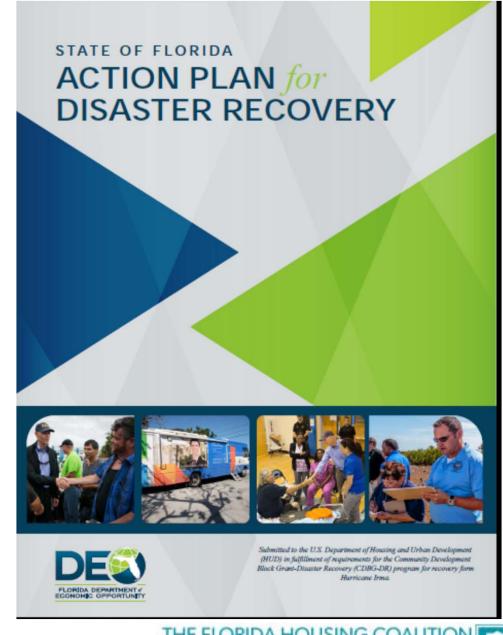
- Knowledge of Increased Cost of Compliance (ICC)
- Liaison between County and insurance companies





CDBG-DR **ACTION PLANS**

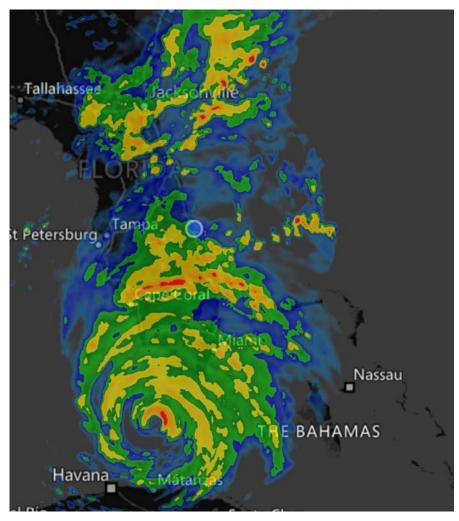
- Irma
- Michael
- Mitigation
- **CDBG-CV?**







Disaster Mitigation



Disaster Mitigation Programs

- FIRST: Monitor SHIP rehab & new construction for code compliance
- NEXT: Mitigation involves Hardening, Resiliency, and Sustainability
- Seek funding beyond SHIP







What are the Mitigation Features of Your Housing Assistance Programs?



Hurricane Loss Mitigation Program

Brianna Beynart HLMP Program Manager 4/15/2020



THE FLORIDA DIVISION OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Program Overview

Originally created as an active response to the devastation brought by Hurricane Andrew, specifically to the insurance Market in the State of Florida.

Annual appropriation of \$10 million \$3 million to retrofit existing facilities used as public hurricane shelters

\$2.8 million to inspect and improve tie-downs for mobile homes through the TCC Mobile Home Tie Down Program \$700,000 to the Florida International University center dedicated to hurricane research

\$3.5 million to be used to improve the resiliency of residences through wind and flood mitigation grants.

HLMP Resiliency Grant

Funded activities include retrofits, inspections, and construction or modification of building components designed to increase a structure's ability to withstand hurricane-force winds and flooding.

Each grant is \$194,000 and all applicable projects must be completed within the fiscal year in which it was contracted.

There are no LMS requirements associated with the funding.



HLMP Resiliency Grant

Each property must have a wind inspection performed. Inspections should be done by a state certified wind mitigation inspector, a local building inspector, or a licensed state contractor.

The inspector will identify any previous wind mitigation improvements, wind mitigation deficiencies, and whether the residence can be effectively retrofitted.

All activities identified by the wind inspection must be complete.

Additional activities may also be performed when using other funding sources.

Home Selection

The HLMP is **NOT** a rehabilitation program.

Residential structures with extensive damages or delayed maintenance may qualify if the rehabilitation portion of the project is funded using other program funds such as SHIP, CDBG, CDBG-DR, etc.

However, if windows, doors, and a roof replacement are needed on a property receiving extensive rehabilitation, these portions of the project may be billed to HLMP when appropriate product codes and methods are used.

Approved Construction Activities

Impact Rated Doors
Impact Rated Windows
Hurricane Shutters
Roof Replacement
Roof Straps and Clips
Skylights
Soffit and Fascia Replacement
Relocation of Window AC Units
Gable End Reinforcements
Tree Trimming



Combining Funding

"Last year we did a mix of low and moderate income households and a few households that had incomes that were above the SHIP limits. Combining HLMP with SHIP allows a jurisdiction to stretch its limited SHIP funding a little further. With our SHIP program, the HLMP experience got me to look at storm resiliency a little closer, which makes for a better program no matter the source of the funding. Now, even if we do not use HLMP funding, our program includes more mitigation measures as part of the housing rehabilitation process than it did prior to getting involved with HLMP. By reducing insurance costs, we can increase housing affordability, and by increasing a home's resistance to storms, we reduce the burden on our low and moderate income households, who usually suffer disproportionately in a natural disaster."

-Vicki White Housing and Community Development Manager City of Bradenton

Successful Projects











Successful Projects





Successful Projects









RFP and Contact

The Request for Proposal is *usually published in March.

The performance period runs from July 1st (or upon contract execution) through June 30th of the following year.

The FY21 RFP has been postponed due to the Covid-19 activation.

For more information or to be notified when the RFP is posted, please email Brianna.Beynart@em.myflorida.com

Wind Mitigation Features



Key components of protecting structural integrity:

- Roofing protections
- Protect Openings
- A continuous load path







Examples of Mitigation Features

- Roof/Wall/Foundation Connections
- Opening Protection
- Re-Roofing
- Elevation
- Relocation





Example of Mitigation Features

Brace Bottom Chord of the Gable End











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When a garage door fails, it provides not only an entry point for water, but also allows for the wind to get under the roof and lift it off the structure.

water intrusion if shingles blow away. Secure all boards with an 8d ring shank nail, which includes grooves in the nail that provide a more secure grip. Use shingles with a high standard. The highest standard is currently for over 130 miles per hour winds and should be installed using the number of fasteners recommended by the manufacturer for high-wind areas.

Roof Flading Done Right

Roofing Repairs. A roof of a home that does not require roof replacement or any major roofing repairs may also be strengthened by re-nailing the sheathing using 8d ringed shank nails and providing a water barrier on the underside of the roof deck.

Exterior Doors. When completing the rehabilitation

with a bolt lock that should be 1" long to extend far into the frame and hold the door closed. French doors or double doors should be shuttered.

Flashing. The purpose of flashing on pitched roofs is to direct the flow of water that leaks into the intersection down

and away from the structure's interior. Contractors must always lap flashing and other moisture barriers properly. Do not rely on sealant as a substitute for proper lapping. In addition, the following steps are recommended:

- Use fasteners that are compatible with the flashing material.
- Use flashing cement at joints to help secure flashing.
- At roof-to-wall intersections,

Mitigation



Disaster Mitigation for a Group Home

- ARC Group Homes in Marion County
- Two buildings renovated in 2010 & 2012 with CDBG funding
- 2019 Mitigation paid with SHIP Funds



Provided Generator for Each Group Home









Florida Residential Retrofit Guide

A resource from FDEM related to:

- Roofs
- Roofs and water intrusion
- Window, doors and shutters
- Walls
- Porches and attached structures
- Equipment and lose objects

http://www.floridadisaster.org/hrg/



What are the Mitigation Features of Your Housing Assistance Programs?



Protecting mechanical and electrical systems.

/et Floodproofing: This approach allows unoccupied ortions of a building to be flooded during a storm. It is /ailable for older buildings that may not be designed to rithstand the hydrostatic pressure that occurs with dry podproofing (blocking water from entering the building). his method allows water to flow through a building in a portrolled way. The space can then be dried after flood water as receded. Electrical panels, mechanical equipment, gas and electric meters and shut-offs should be relocated from pod-prone areas to locations above the DFE. If that is not ossible, they should be protected in place.

ite Perimeter Floodproofing: With this approach, emporary physical barriers may prevent floodwaters from eaching the building and does not require modifications Panelized systems installed into foundation slots- Temporary flood panels can be fitted into permanent slots.

Backwater Valves: Sewage backflow occurs when storm water backs up into a building basement or unoccupied area because of sewer line blockage or storm drain overflow due to flooding. A backwater valve is a relatively inexpensive retrofit that can prevent significant problems from sewer line failure by blocking reverse flow from entering the building through wastewater pipes.

Sump Pumps: These remove water which accumulates in the low points in a building. They are an effective and affordable way to reduce costly flood damages. Design sump pumps to handle moderate flooding but not catastrophic flooding such as a coastal storm surge.

Rental Housing Mitigation









- 1. Wet Floodproofing example
- Sandbags used for perimeter floodproofing
- Inflatable barrier, an example of a water-inflated tube system to reduce flooding
- Backstop valve that prevents sewage backflow due to flooding
- Sump pump drains water from buildings

Review FL Rental Housing Inundation Model https://vimeo.com/368 867659



Preparation for Multi-family Affordable Housing

- Disaster Staffing Toolkit from Enterprise Community Partners-Develop staffing plans to protect buildings, engage residents and continue operations after a disaster
- Multifamily Retrofit Guide 19 practical strategies to make properties more resilient
- http://www.enterprisecommunity.org/ solutions-and-innovation/greencommunities/tools-andservices/ready-to-respond





Another Type of Mitigation-Relocation

SECTION SIX

Best Mitigation Practices

Best Practice Mitigation: Pasco County. One major disaster mitigation initiative in Pasco County was the relocation of an affordable housing development to avoid future disaster damage. Dade Oaks Apartments was built in 1977 on top of the low spot of a 160-acre drainage basin, which caused the apartments to suffer from chronic flooding. Under new leadership, the Pasco County Housing Authority relocated

the property to higher ground and fittingly re-named it Hilltop Landings. Maintaining the affordability of the units required several layers of financing, including state HOME funds and \$500,000 in SHIP funds. The housing authority not only relocated these units, they constructed them to have energy efficient features and appliances, front porches, and an old-time Southern feel.



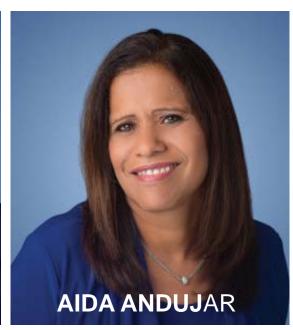














FHC DISASTER RESILIENCY AND RECOVERY TEAM THANKS ALL OF OUR WEBINAR PANELISTS AND GUESTS

Questions and Answers

Please complete Evaluation

Technical Assistance is Available

Available Daily: 1 (800) 677-4548

Options for Further Assistance Include:

Phone and Email consultation Site Visits

Register at <u>www.flhousing.org</u> for:

Workshops Webinars

