Your Role in Documenting Homeless History



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CONSULTING SERVICES

In the areas of affordable housing, fair housing, ending homelessness, & related issues



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Agenda



RECORDKEEPING & REPORTING REQUIREMENTS



USING HMIS TO DOCUMENT HOMELESS HISTORY



OBTAINING THIRD PARTY
VERIFICATIONS



WHAT YOU CAN DO

Recordkeeping & Reporting Requirements

24 CFR § 578.103 - Recordkeeping requirements.

CFR

Table of Popular Names

prev | next

§ 578.103 Recordkeeping requirements.

- (a) In general. The recipient and its subrecipients must establish and maintain standard operating procedures for ensuring that Continuum of Care program funds are used in accordance with the requirements of this part and must establish and maintain sufficient records to enable HUD to determine whether the recipient and its subrecipients are meeting the requirements of this part, including:
 - (1) Continuum of Care records. Each collaborative applicant must keep the following documentation related to establishing and operating a Continuum of Care:
 - (i) Evidence that the Board selected by the Continuum of Care meets the requirements of § 578.5(b);
 - (ii) Evidence that the Continuum has been established and operated as set forth in subpart B of this part, including published agendas and meeting minutes, an approved Governance Charter that is reviewed and updated annually, a written process for selecting a board that is reviewed and updated at least once every 5 years, evidence required for designating a single HMIS for the Continuum, and monitoring reports of recipients and sub recipients;
 - (iii) Evidence that the Continuum has prepared the application for funds as set forth in § 578.9, including the designation of the eligible applicant to be the collaborative applicant.
 - (2) Unified funding agency records. UFAs that requested grant amendments from HUD, as set forth in § 578.105, must keep evidence that the grant amendment was approved by the Continuum. This evidence may include minutes of meetings at which the grant amendment was discussed and approved.

 - (4) Chronically homeless status. The recipient must maintain and follow written intake procedures to ensure compliance with the chronically homeless definition in § 578.3. The procedures must require documentation at intake of the evidence relied upon to establish and verify chronically homeless status. The procedures must establish the order of priority for obtaining evidence as third-party documentation first, intake worker observations second, and certification from the person seeking assistance third. Records contained in an HMIS, or comparable database used by victim service or legal service providers, are acceptable evidence of third-party documentation and intake worker observations if the HMIS, or comparable database, retains an auditable history of all entries, including the person who entered the data, the date of entry, and the change made, and if the HMIS prevents overrides or changes (i) For paragraph (1) of the "Chronically homeless" definition in § 578.3, evidence that the individual is a "homeless individual with a disability" as defined in section 401(9) of the
 - of the dates on which entries are made.

 - McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11360(9)) must include:
 - (B) Evidence of a disability. In addition to the documentation required under paragraph (a)(4)(i)(A) of this section, the procedures must require documentation at intake of the evidence relied upon to establish and verify the disability of the person applying for homeless assistance. The recipient must keep these records for 5 years after the end of the (1) Written verification of the disability from a professional licensed by the state to diagnose and treat the disability and his or her certification that the disability is expected to be grant term. Acceptable evidence of the disability includes: enting or of indefinite duration and substantially impedes the individual's ability to live independently.



Category 1: Definition

- Individual or family who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence, meaning:
 - Has a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not meant for human habitation;
 - Is living in a publicly or privately operated shelter designated to provide temporary living arrangements; or
 - Is exiting an institution where (s)he has resided for 90 days or less and who resided in an ES or place not meant for human habitation immediately before entering that institution

Category 1: Recordkeeping Requirements

- Written observation by the outreach worker; or
- Written referral by another housing or service provider; or
- Certification by the individual or head of household seeking assistance stating that (s)he was living on the streets or in shelter;



- For individuals exiting an institutionone of the forms of evidence above and:
 - Discharge paperwork or written/oral referral, or
 - Written record of the intake worker's due diligence to obtain above evidence and certification by individual that they exited institution

Category 1: Recordkeeping Requirements



Category 4: Definition

- Any individual or family who:
 - Is fleeing, or is attempting to flee domestic violence (dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or other dangerous or life-threatening conditions related to violence);
 - Has no other residence
 - Lacks the resources or support networks to obtain other permanent housing

Category 4: Recordkeeping Requirements

For victim service providers:

- An oral statement by the individual or head of household seeking assistance which states: they are fleeing; they have no subsequent residence; and they lack resources.
- Statement must be documented by a self-certification or a certification by the intake worker.



For non-victim service providers:

- Oral statement by the individual or head of household seeking assistance that they are fleeing
 - Documented by a self-certification or by the caseworker
 - Where the safety of the individual or family is not jeopardized, the oral statement must be verified; and

Category 4: Recordkeeping Requirements



For non-victim service providers continued:

- Certification by individual or head of household that no subsequent residence has been identified; and
- Self-certification, or other written documentation that the individual or family lacks the financial resources and support networks to obtain permanent housing.

Category 4: Recordkeeping Requirements





Homeless Definition

RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS	Category 1	Literally Homeless	Written observation by the outreach worker; or Written referral by another housing or service provider; or Certification by the individual or head of household seeking assistance stating that (s) he was living on the streets or in shelter; For individuals exiting an institution—one of the forms of evidence above and: oscharge paperwork or written/oral referral, or written record of intake worker's due diligence to obtain above evidence and certification by individual that they exited institution.
	Category 2	Imminent Risk of Homelessness	A court order resulting from an eviction action notifying the individual or family that they must leave; at 7 or for individual and families leaving a hotel or motel—evidence that they lack the financial resources to stay; at 7 or A documented and verified or slatement; and Certification that no subsequent residence has been identified; and Self-certification or other written documentation that the individual lack the financial resources and support necessary to obtain permanent housing.
	Category 3	Homeless under other Federal statutes	 Certification by the nonprofit or state or local government that the individual or head of household seeking assistance met the criteria of homelessness under another federal statute; and Certification of no PH in last 60 days; and Certification by the individual or head of household, and any available supporting documentation, that (s)the has moved two or more times in the past 60 days; and Documentation of special needs or 2 or more barriers
	Category 4	Fleeing/ Attempting to Flee DV	For sktim service providers: An oral statement by the individual or head of household seeking assistance which states: they are fleeing; they have no subsequent evidence; and they lack resources. Statement must be documented by a self-certification or a certification by the intake worker. For non-vietim service providers: Oral statement by the individual or head of household seeking assistance that they are fleening. Tabistatement is documented by a self-certification or by the carevorker. Where the safety of the individual or family in no ipopardized, the oral statement must be verified; and Ocertification by the individual or head of household that no subsequent residence has been identified; and Ocertification, or other written documentation, that the individual or family lacks the financial resources and support.



Homeless Definition

CRITERIA FOR DEFINING HOMELESS	Category 1	Literally Homeless	(1) individual or family who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence, meaning: (ii) Hat a grimary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not meant for human habitation; (ii) Is living in a publicly or privately operated shelter designated to provide temporary living arrangements (including congregate shelters, transitional housing, and hotels and motels paid for by charitable organizations or by federal, state and local government programs); pt. (iii) Is exiting an institution where (i) like has resided for 30 days or less and who resided in an emergency shelter or place not meant for human habitation immediately before entering that institution
	Category 2	Imminent Risk of Homelessness	(2) individual or family who will imminently lose their primary nighttime residence, provided that: (i) Residence will be lost within 14 days of the date of application for homeless assistance; (ii) No subsequent residence has been identified; and (iii) The individual or family lacks the resources or support networks needed to obtain other permanent housing
CRIT	Category 3	Homeless under other Federal statutes	(3) Unaccompanied youth under 25 years of age, or families with children and youth, who do not otherwise qualify as homeless under this definition, but whic: (ii) Are defined as homeless under the other listed federal statutes; (iii) Have not had a lease, ownership interest, or occupancy agreement in permanent housing during the 60 days prior to the homeless assistance application; (iii) Have experienced pensistent instability as measured by two moves or more during in the preceding 60 days; and (iii) Can be expected to continue in such status for an extended pensiod of time due to special needs or barriers.
	Category 4	Fleeing/ Attempting to Flee DV	(4) Any Individual or family who: (i) is fleeing, or is attempting to flee, domestic violence; (ii) Has no other residence; and (iii) Lacks the resources or support networks to obtain other permanent housing

Handout

Policies & Procedures

- Written procedures must establish the order of priority for documenting homeless history and should be collected in this order:
 - First
 - 3rd party verification
 - Second
 - Intake worker observations
 - Third
 - Self-disclosure/Certification from the person receiving assistance





What HMIS Data Tells Us

- Participation in CoC-funded housing programs
- Shelter stays
- Homeless and housing-related services
- Homeless history
- Self-disclosed disability
- Family composition



What HMIS Might Not Tell Us

- Histories outside of your CoC/HMIS database
- Services provided by non-CoC funded providers who do not use HMIS.
- Service histories related to that person's disability
 - Severity of service need
 - Accommodations the person may require
- Interaction with other service systems
 - Child Welfare
 - Law Enforcement
 - Hospitals



3 Concepts: Using HMIS to Determine Chronic Homeless Status

1

Enrolling (entry/exits) in projects within HMIS, as it is related to projects that require chronic homelessness as part of eligibility.

2

Recording selfreported information about a person's living situation that helps calculate their chronic homeless status. 3

Recording selfreported disability status.

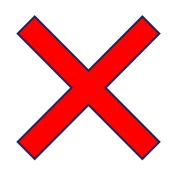


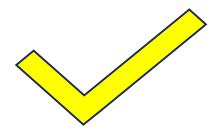
HMIS enrollment into projects that serve people who are literally homeless does not require additional verification because it is considered third party verification.

What is Enrollment?

Record of A Consumer's 211 Call

Receiving services from a street outreach worker





Entry/Exit data recorded in HMIS is different than a self-reported response that is documented about their homeless history.



HMIS

Entry/Exit can be used as 3rd Party
Verification

One night in ES, SH, or Outreach contact serves as documentation for the entire month

Review HMIS
history together with
participant to build
an accurate
homeless history

Gap in documentation does not mean there is a gap in homeless history

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This tool provides some sample recordkeeping tools for the Chronic Homelessness Definition. To review the exact language, please refer to 24 CFR Parts 91 & 578 and the <u>HUD Exchange</u>.

Recordkeeping Documentation Options Explained









3rd Party Documentation

Documentation from HMI5/Comparable Database

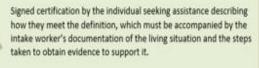
Records must show entries/exits at Shelters.

An answer of "Yes" to the question as to whether the individual is chronically homeless (Universal Data Element 3.917) is not sufficient. Written observation by an outreach worker or Written referral by anothe

Written referral by another housing or service provider Documentation from Institutions like Hospitals, Correctional Facilities, etc.

Must include records about stay the length of stay, signed by Clinician or other appropriate staff.

Self Certification



Remember that for each Project:

- . 100% of households served can use self-certification for 3 months of their 12 months,
- 75% of households served need to use 3rd Party documentation for 9 months of their 12 months, and
- 25% of households served can use self-certification as documentation for any and all
 months.

When do you need third party documentation?



Outreach/Intake Encounters as 3rd Party Documentation

- Contacts in a street outreach project, emergency shelter, and safe haven should be used as third-party evidence for documenting chronic homeless status.
- Enrollment record is proof that the client was served in that project.



Documenting the Encounters by Intake/Outreach

Current:

 Must have a physical observation of where the household is coming from.

Prior Months/Occasions:

- Ability to document encounters, having physically observed where they were living
- When unable to physically observe, must state why they believe the person was sleeping in a place not meant for human habitation (using their own judgement)
- Must report each month in which the worker saw the person served

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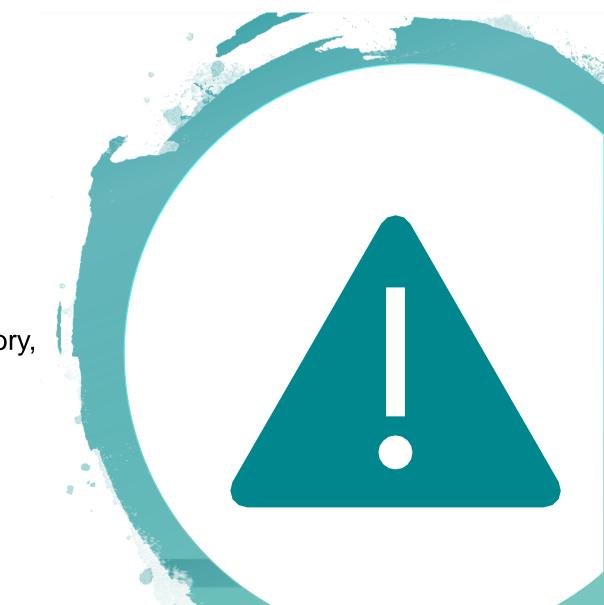


Thinking Outside of the Box

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Long-term homeless history, but not on your by-name list?

3rd Party Documentation from Alternative Sources



TEACHERS



HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONAL (FQHCS)



LAW ENFORCEMENT



SUPPORTIVE SERVICES

Alternative Source Documentation

- Engagement with client on more than one occasion (in their official professional role)
- Client reported living situation to the professional
- Must detail specific months in written or oral statement confirming homelessness



- Discharging within 90 days or less
 - Literally Homeless prior to admission
- Discharge paperwork must detail beginning and end dates in the institution
- Provided by an appropriate official of that institution
 - Written or oral account to the intake worker

Exiting an Institutional Setting



Self-Reported Disability

Obtain a ROI to contact their service provider, if they have one.

- Substance Use
- Mental Health
- Physical
- Developmental



Service Providers

- Do the client notes detail living situation or residential history?
- Can the case manager write a letter documenting homeless episodes?
- Has the service agency issued any homelessspecific funding on behalf of this consumer?
- Does the provider know where this consumer stays, camps, gets meals, etc?

Law Enforcement



LE's documented address of person

"At-Large"
"Homeless"
"Indigent"
"General Delivery"



Arrest history



History of interaction with LE

Can be documented in a letter from LE detailing dates of documented homelessness based on interactions



Managing Entities

High utilizers of services

Database of services provided, hospitalizations, inpatient treatment, etc.

Oversight of network providers

Increased coordination and ability to refer in a streamlined process



- Can offer an oral or written observation detailing a physical observation of where the applicant is or has been residing
- Must detail the exact months of the observation

Example: The person you are working with has been sleeping behind the gas station for two years.

Community Members



Homeless episodes out of CoC jurisdiction

- Find the CoC Lead Agency that serves the city the person reported to be residing in
- Contact CoC requesting homeless history that is documented in their HMIS database
- Fax/Email a ROI, requesting verification of homeless history
- Scan the documentation into your HMIS database



Other Resources



HOSPITALS



COMMUNITY-BASED SERVICE PROVIDERS



MEAL SITES



CHURCHES & SYNAGOGUES



LIBRARIES



PARK & RECREATION STAFF





2019	Confirmation	2018	Confirmation	2017	Confirmation
January	Shelter	January	ME	January	
February	Shelter	February	ME	February	
March	Shelter	March	Outreach	March	
April	Outreach	April	Outreach	April	Outreach
May		May	Outreach	May	Case Manager
June		June		June	Case Manager
July		July		July	ME
August		August	Case Manager	August	
September		September	Case Manager	September	
October		October	Police	October	Case Manager
November		November	Jail	November	Outreach
December		December	Jail/Outreach	December	Outreach

Document the Last 3 Years of Homeless History

- Sign and date it
- Scan it into HMIS
- Continue adding new information to build history



Creating a Paper Trail

- Fill in the gaps
- Scan letters into HMIS from non-CoC agencies documenting homelessness
- Make notes in HMIS detailing contact information of important providers outside of the homeless system and other important pieces of information



Creating a Paper Trail Continued

- Identify where they've lived outside of your CoC and gather documentation of homelessness from those areas
- Obtain ROIs
- Advocate directly to the CoC if you think someone is chronically homeless, but is not on the by-name list



Take The Time To...

- Update the service provider contact information in HMIS
- Sit with the person served to review and gather information about the person's homeless history.
 - Let them tell the story
 - Document it in HMIS for the next service provider



Resources

- https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/24/578.103
- https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/24/578.3
- https://www.law.cornell.edu/cfr/text/24/576.500
- https://www.hudexchange.info/resource/1974/c riteria-and-recordkeeping-requirements-fordefinition-of-homeless/



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https://www.flhousing.org/event/webinar-innovative-approaches-to-addressing-homelessness-whats-successful-in-other-communities-and-in-florida/





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